

Mako Mining Corp.

TSXV: MKO · OTCQX: MAKOF · Gold Producer · Nicaragua · Arizona · Nevada · Guyana

THE BUSINESS

Mako is a debt-free gold producer priced largely as a single-asset Nicaragua story. San Albino's FY2024 AISC of US\$1,371/oz against a Q4 2025 realized price of US\$4,340/oz implies a gross AISC margin above US\$2,900/oz, among the widest in the junior gold space. Three development assets (Moss/Arizona, Mt. Hamilton/Nevada, Eagle Mountain/Guyana) remain only partially credited in the ~US\$424M EV. The underwriting case: San Albino continues producing, Moss normalizes AISC, Mt. Hamilton enters construction, and Eagle Mountain advances through permitting, re-rating from a single-jurisdiction junior to a four-asset mid-tier.

WHY MISPRICED

Nicaragua discount. Institutional capital structurally avoids Central American political risk, permanently compressing Mako's buyer universe and creating a valuation gap unrelated to asset quality.

No reserves declared. All production runs on NI 43-101 resources only. The MD&A's production-without-feasibility-study disclosure applies a blanket discount across resource-economics buyers.

Governance complexity. Wexford (~48%) / Sailfish / Tes-Oro on both sides of major transactions attracts ESG screens and governance discounts, obscuring an operational track record that is specific and verifiable.

12-MONTH MILESTONES

Moss AISC normalization. Q3 2025 AISC of US\$4,596/oz must trend below the gold price; Q1 2026 steady-state target is the key confirmation. Track: oz recovered, cash cost trend, and asset-level FCF.

Mt. Hamilton construction start. Fully permitted Nevada asset; amended gold-stream closing and first earthworks targeted early Q2 2026, the single most visible near-term re-rating catalyst.

Eagle Mountain EIA submission. Guyana EIA anticipated Q1 2026; EPA review typically 12-24 months. Non-submission against guidance is a material negative signal.

THESIS BREAKS IF

Nicaragua adverse action. Any formal government action against San Albino's operating licence. Exit immediately.

Moss fails to reach breakeven AISC. AISC exceeds realized gold price for two or more consecutive quarters post steady-state.

Gold sustained below US\$2,000/oz. At FY2024 AISC of US\$1,371/oz, San Albino margin compresses to ~US\$629/oz; consolidated economics become challenged beyond six months.

Related-party value transfer. Any transaction where minority shareholders bear cost without proportionate benefit, as disclosed in MD&A.

MARKET & VALUATION

Price (Mar 20, 2026)	C\$7.81 / US\$5.74
Market Cap	US\$502.5M
EV (cash-only basis)	~US\$424M
EV / EBITDA (TTM)	~7.0×
EV / 2025E EBITDA	~6.2-6.8×

OPERATIONS

2025E Gold Production	~41.7 Koz
FY2024 AISC (consol.)	US\$1,371/oz
San Albino AISC (Q3'25)	US\$2,064/oz
Moss AISC (Q3 2025)	US\$4,596/oz ¹
AISC margin (Q4 2025 spot)	~US\$2,969/oz

BALANCE SHEET

Cash & Receivables	US\$78.1M
Long-Term Debt	Zero

VALUATION: EV/EBITDA · US\$4,500/OZ

	Bear	Base	Bull
Gold price	US\$2,200	US\$4,500	US\$5,500
Norm. EBITDA	~US\$40M	~US\$155M	~US\$220M
EV/EBITDA	4.5×	8.5×	10.5×
Per share ²	~C\$4	~C\$22	~C\$37
vs. C\$7.81	-49%	+182%	+374%

ASSETS PLATFORM

Asset	Location	Stage
San Albino	Nicaragua	Operating
Moss Mine	Arizona	Ramp-up
Mt. Hamilton	Nevada	Pre-construction
Eagle Mountain	Guyana	PEA / EIA